

Article 2. General Park Requirements

§ 2100. Application and Scope.

(a) The provisions of this article shall apply to the construction, use, maintenance, and occupancy of lots within parks in all parts of the state.

(b) Existing construction and installations made before the effective date of the requirements of this chapter may continue in use so long as they were in compliance with requirements in effect at the date of their installation and are not found to be substandard.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 18872 and 18872.2, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2102. Responsibility.

(a) The owner, operator, or the designated agent for the park shall be responsible for the safe operation and maintenance of all common areas, park-owned electrical, gas, and plumbing equipment and their installations, and all park-owned permanent buildings or structures, within the park.

(b) The owner of a unit, accessory building or structure, or building component shall be responsible for the use and maintenance of the unit, accessory building or structure, or building component and its utility connections up to the lot services in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(c) Any person obtaining a permit to construct shall be responsible for the construction or installation in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

(d) The operator of a park shall not permit a unit, accessory building or structure, building component, or any park utility to be constructed, installed, used, or maintained in the park unless constructed, installed, used, and maintained in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

(e) Procedures related to notice of violation and responsibilities to abate violations are set forth in article 10, commencing with section 2600 of this chapter.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 18866.2, 18866.3 and 18871.8, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2104. Lot Address Identification and Lot Line Marking.

(a) All lots shall be identified by letters, numbers, or street address numbers. The lot identification shall be in a conspicuous location facing the roadway.

(b) All lots shall be defined by permanent corner markers. Corner markers shall be visible at grade and shall be installed in a manner that does not create a hazard.

(c) Permanent corner markers shall be any of the following:

(1) Pressure-treated wood, or wood of natural resistance to decay and insects, as determined in the California Building Code, Chapter 23, section 2302, at least two (2) inches by two (2) inches in nominal dimension, driven into the ground to a depth of at least eighteen (18) inches, or six (6) inches if it is surrounded by a concrete pad at least four (4) inches in diameter and at least six (6) inches in depth.

(2) Metallic pipe or rods protected from corrosion by galvanizing, paint, or a protective coating which resists corrosion, and is driven into the ground to a depth of at least eighteen (18) inches, or is driven into the ground to a depth of at least six (6) inches when it is surrounded by a concrete pad at least four (4) inches in diameter and at least six (6) inches in depth.

(3) Schedule 40 or better PVC, ABS, or CPVC pipe driven into the ground to a depth of at least eighteen (18) inches, or driven into the ground to a depth of at least six (6) inches when it is surrounded by a concrete pad at least four (4) inches in diameter and at least six (6) inches in depth.

(4) Saw cuts, blade marks, or scribe marks in a concrete or asphalt curb or roadway which are different in depth and nature than expansion joints.

(5) A nail with either a metal washer or surveyor's marker, which is either driven or embedded into concrete or asphalt, curbs or streets.

(d) Lot lines shall not be created, moved, shifted, or altered without the written authorization of the registered owners of the units on the lots affected, if any, and the local planning agency. For the purpose of this subsection,

the local planning agency may issue a formal statement in writing that it is not objecting to the lot line creation, alteration, or movement.

(e) To determine the edge of a lot bordering a roadway with curbing, the lot ends at the beginning of the curbing; curbing is part of the roadway.

(f) Lot lines identifying individual lots or campsites are not required in an incidental camping area or temporary recreational vehicle park; however, the general locations where camping or parking will be permitted shall be shown on the map or plot plan of the incidental camping area or temporary recreational vehicle park.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 18872, 18872.1 and 18872.2, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2106. Roadways.

All roadways shall have clear and unobstructed access to a public thoroughfare, except that a roadway may have security gates, if those security gates are not in violation of local government requirements.

(a) In parks, or portions thereof, constructed prior to September 15, 1961, each unit shall have access from the lot to a roadway of not less than fifteen (15) feet in unobstructed width.

(b) In parks constructed on or after September 15, 1961, each unit shall have access from the lot to a roadway of not less than eighteen (18) feet, or a one-lane, one-way roadway not less than twelve (12) feet, in unobstructed width.

(c) No vehicle parking shall be allowed on one-way, one-lane roadways less than nineteen (19) feet in width. If vehicle parking is permitted on one side of a one-lane roadway, the roadway shall be a minimum of nineteen (19) feet in width. If vehicle parking is permitted on both sides of a one-lane roadway, the roadway shall be at least twenty-six (26) feet in width.

(d) No vehicle parking shall be allowed on two-lane, two-way roadways less than twenty-five (25) feet in width. If vehicle parking is permitted on one side of a two-way roadway, the roadway shall be a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet in width. If vehicle parking is permitted on both sides of a two-way roadway, the roadway shall be at least thirty-two (32) feet in width.

(e) Roadways designed for vehicle parking on one side shall have signs or markings prohibiting the parking of vehicles on the traffic flow side of the roadway, in order to provide a continuously open and unobstructed roadway.

(f) A two-way roadway divided into separate, adjacent, one-way traffic lanes by a curbed divider or similar obstacle shall be not less than twelve (12) feet in unobstructed width on each side of the divider.

(g) In parks which were constructed after September 23, 1974, and which contain not more than three (3) lots, each unit shall have access from the lot to a roadway that is not less than twenty (20) feet in unobstructed width.

(h) Roadways, other than those necessary for maintenance by the operator are not required in incidental or tent camp areas.

(i) Roadways required for emergency vehicles and the operation and maintenance of incidental camping areas and of tent camps shall be maintained to provide safe passage of vehicular traffic.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865.3, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Section 18872.2, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2108. Park Lighting.

In every park, lighting shall be installed which is capable of providing:

(a) An average of five (5) horizontal foot candles of light at the floor level at entrances to toilet and shower buildings, laundry buildings, and recreation buildings when the buildings are in use during the hours of darkness.

(b) An average of ten (10) horizontal foot candles of light at the floor level within toilet and shower buildings, laundry buildings, and recreation buildings when the buildings are in use during the hours of darkness.

(c) An average of two-tenths (.02) horizontal foot-candles of light the full length of all roadways and walkways within a park during the hours of darkness.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 18871.7, 18873, and 18873.2, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2110. Occupied Area.

(a) The occupied area of a lot, consisting of the unit, all accessory buildings and structures including, but not limited to awnings, stairways, ramps and storage cabinets, shall not exceed seventy-five (75) percent of the lot area.

(b) For purposes of this chapter, patios and paved or concreted areas on grade, are not included in the measurement of the occupied area.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference Sections 18872 and 18873.5, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2112. Required Toilet and Shower Facilities.

Toilets, showers, and lavatories shall be provided as follows:

(a) In parks constructed and operated exclusively for dependent units, at least one toilet, one shower, and one lavatory for each gender for each fifteen (15) dependent unit lots shall be provided.

(b) In parks constructed after July 7, 2004, and operated for dependent and independent units, at least 1 toilet, shower, and lavatory, for each gender, for each twenty-five (25) lots shall be provided, or fractional part thereof.

(c) In parks constructed on or before July 7, 2004, and operated for dependent and independent units, the following minimum ratio of toilets, showers, and lavatories for each gender shall be maintained:

Lots	Toilets	Showers	Lavatories
1-25	1	1	1
26-70	2	2	2

One additional toilet shall be provided for each gender, for each one hundred (100) additional lots, or fractional part thereof in excess of seventy (70) lots.

(1) Independent, individually enclosed, lockable facilities containing one (1) toilet and lavatory, or shower, may be designated as unisex on an equal one (1) to one (1) ratio to gender-designated facilities, as described in this section, provided the number of gender-designated facilities remain equal.

(2) Sufficient toilets shall be reserved for the exclusive use of the occupants of the lots in the park.

(3) Toilets, lavatories, and showers shall be within five hundred (500) feet of all dependent unit lots or lots not provided with a lot water service outlet and a three (3) inch lot drain inlet.

(4) Toilet, lavatory and shower facilities shall be separated and distinctly marked as either men or women, or unisex.

(5) Showers shall be provided with hot and cold running water. Each shower shall be contained within a separate compartment. Each shower compartment shall be provided with a dressing area of not less than six (6) square feet of floor area that shall have hooks for hanging clothing and a bench or chair for use by the occupant.

(6) Toilets shall be installed in separate compartments.

(7) Toilet and shower facilities are not required in tent camps but, if installed, shall comply with this section. Sanitary facilities that do not comply with this section, such as chemical toilets, may be installed if approved by the local health department.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 18873, 18873.1, and 18873.2, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2114. Animals.

(a) Dogs, and other domestic animals, and cats (domestic or feral) shall not be permitted to roam at large (free) in any park.

(b) Animal feces shall not be permitted to accumulate on any lot or common area in a park to the extent that they create a nuisance.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Section 18871.6, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2116. Park and Lot Area Grading.

(a) The park area and park roadways shall be so graded that there will be no depressions in which surface water will accumulate and remain for a period of time that would constitute a health and safety violation as determined by the enforcement agency. The ground shall be sloped to provide storm drainage run-off by means of surface or subsurface drainage facility.

(b) Each lot shall be graded to prevent the migration of water to the underfloor area of a unit or accessory building or structure. Other methods to prevent the migration of water beneath a unit or accessory building or structure may be approved by the department as alternates, in accordance with section 2016 of this chapter.

(c) To provide for unanticipated water entering the area beneath a unit or accessory building or structure, that area shall be sloped to provide for drainage to an approved outside drainage way. Other positive passive drainage methods may be approved by the department as an alternate, in accordance with section 2016 of this chapter.

(d) Drainage from a lot, site, roadway, or park area shall be directed to a surface or subsurface drainage way and shall not drain onto an adjacent lot, or site.

(e) The area of the lot where the camping cabin is to be installed shall be graded to not more than a two (2) percent grade.

(f) Fills necessary to meet the grading requirements of this section shall comply with section 2045 of this chapter.

(g) Minor fills that do not exceed six (6) inches in depth that are made with a compacted class 2 aggregate, do not require additional approvals.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 18863.4 and 18872, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2118. Lot Occupancy.

(a) Parks shall accommodate only recreational vehicles, tents, and camping cabins.

(b) A manufactured home or mobilehome shall not be located or installed in a park except for use by persons employed in the management or operation of the park.

(c) In no case shall a truck-mounted camper be occupied if removed from the truck.

(d) A permanent building, garage, cabana, or storage building shall not be constructed or installed on any lot in a park.

(e) Lot occupancy shall not exceed the number of persons in a camping party as defined in section 18862.7 of the Health and Safety Code.

(f) The following shall apply to lots in parks designed to accommodate recreational vehicles.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this section, lot shall accommodate no more than:

(A) one (1) recreational vehicle and one (1) tent, or

(B) one (1) camping cabin, or

(C) two (2) tents, or

(D) one (1) manufactured home or mobilehome used in accordance with subsection (b).

(2) When used as a frequent means of transportation, a self-propelled recreational vehicle or truck mounted camper may be parked beside an occupied unit. That vehicle shall not be occupied or connected to the lot's utility facilities or interconnected with the occupied unit.

(g) The following shall apply in parks designated as incidental camping areas.

(1) An incidental camping area shall accommodate only recreational vehicles, tents, or campers furnishing their own camping equipment.

(2) A cabana, ramada, garage, or permanent building shall not be constructed, or installed, on any campsite in an incidental camping area.

(3) An incidental camping area campsite shall accommodate no more than:

(A) two (2) recreational vehicles, or

(B) one (1) camping party, or

(C) two (2) tents, or

(D) one (1) recreational vehicle and one (1) tent, or

(E) one (1) camping cabin.

(h) The following shall apply in parks designated as tent camps.

- (1) A recreational vehicle shall not be permitted to occupy a tent lot or campsite.
- (2) Occupancy of lots or campsites is limited to one (1) camping party which may be permitted to occupy not more than two (2) tents on the lot or campsite.
- (3) Accessory buildings or structures shall not be constructed, or installed, on any campsite or tent lot in a tent camp.
- (i) The following shall apply in parks designated as temporary recreational vehicle parks.
 - (1) A temporary recreational vehicle park shall accommodate only recreational vehicles and tents.
 - (2) Accessory buildings or structures shall not be constructed, or installed, on any lot, or campsite.
 - (3) A temporary recreational vehicle park lot shall accommodate no more than:
 - (A) two (2) recreational vehicles, or
 - (B) one (1) camping party, or
 - (C) two (2) tents, or
 - (D) one (1) tent and one (1) recreational vehicle.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, 18865.3 Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 18871, 18871.3, 18872, 18873, 18873.1 and 18873.5, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2120. Rubbish and Accumulation of Waste Material.

- (a) Occupants shall keep the lot area and the area under, around, or on their unit and accessory buildings or structures free from an accumulation of refuse, rubbish, paper, leaves, brush or other combustible material.
- (b) Waste paper, hay, grass, straw, weeds, litter, or combustible flammable waste, refuse, or rubbish of any kind shall not be permitted, by the park owner or operator, to remain upon any roof or on any vacant lot, open space, or common area.
- (c) The park area shall be kept clean and free from the accumulation of refuse, garbage, rubbish, excessive dust, or debris.
- (d) The park operator shall ensure that a collection system is provided and maintained, with covered containers, for the safe disposal of rubbish.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 18872 and 18873.5, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2122. Emergency Information.

The requirements of this section shall be printed and posted in a conspicuous place on the premises and shall contain the following information:

- (a) List the following telephone numbers:
 - (1) Fire Department
 - (2) Police Department or Sheriff's Office.
 - (3) Park Office.
 - (4) The responsible person for operation and maintenance.
 - (5) Enforcement agency.
- (b) List the following locations:
 - (1) Nearest fire alarm box, when available.
 - (2) Park location (street or highway numbers).
 - (3) Nearest public telephone.

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 18865, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Section 18873.5, Health and Safety Code.

§ 2126. Lot Utility Location.

When utility equipment to supply electrical power, water, sewer or gas is provided to a lot, the utilities shall be located in the rear half (½) of the lot on the left side when facing the lot from the roadway and within four (4) feet of the side of the proposed location of the unit.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 18865 and 18873.3, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Section 18872, 18873.1, 18873.3, and 18873.4, Health and Safety Code.